TAKEAWAYS & BLOCK DESTRUCTION

MIDLAND UNIVERSITY WARRIORS
COACH BISCH

THE MIDLAND WAY

- 2015 MU Football: 52 student-athletes from Nebraska (attrition & seniors)
- 2016 MU Football: 67 student-athletes from Nebraska
 - 47 recruited by Coach Jamrog's staff
 - 20 upperclassmen: Haven't lost one
- 2017 MU Football: 48 student-athletes have signed/committed to MU so far
 - Currently: 115 Nebraska kids on 2017 roster
 - 77% of roster
- Over last 2 recruiting cycles we have gone from 52 Nebraska guys (41% of roster) to 115 Nebraska guys (77% of roster).
- Have signed/committed 95 Nebraska high school football players in 2 years.....SO FAR!

NOBODY RECRUITS NEBRASKA AS HARD AS MIDLAND

MIDLAND DEFENSE 2016

- 2016 marked first winning since at MU since 2011.
- Led NAIA in fumbles recovered (18).
- #3 in nation on 4th down (19%).
- Top 10 finish nationally in regular season takeaways (31, 2.82 per game).
- Finished in top 15 nationally on 3rd down (32.7%).
- Top 25 finish nationally in sacks (27.5, 2.5 per game).
- Nine All-GPAC selections, notable: 1st Team Safety Lucas Schawang, 2nd Team – ILB Bryan McLaughlin.
- Defensive Improvements in year 1:
 - Points allowed decreased by sixteen per game (2016: 24.5, 2015: 40.5).
 - Rushing yards allowed decreased by fifty yards per game (2016: 156.2, 2015: 206.5).
 - Passing yards allowed decreased by fifty-three yards per game (2016: 224.4, 2015: 277.2)
 - Total yards allowed decreased by 103 yards per game (2016: 380.7, 2015: 483.7)

WARRIOR MINDSET

MPET!

- We MUST have <u>Mental</u>, <u>Physical</u>, and <u>Emotional Toughness to maximize our potential!
 </u>
- Qualities of MPET include but are not limited to: resilience, determination, grit, macho attitude, perseverance, faith in self & teammates, and a "junkyard dog" mentality.
- The ability to stay focused and driven when under pressure separates those with MPET from those without MPET
- "Mental Toughness (MT) is possessing, understanding, and being able to utilize a set of psychological skills that allow the effective and even maximal execution, or adaptation, and persistence of decisionmaking and physical skills learned in training and by experience. Mental toughness expresses itself every day, as well as in high stress, critical situation." – Dr. Mike Asken, Warrior Mindset

TAKEAWAYS & BALL DISRUPTION

- Create Ball Disruption by doing the following:
 - Force Fumbles
 - Destroy Blocks.
 - Tackling: In order to force fumbles, we must first be great tacklers.
 - SHOTS ON GOAL (SOG): Constantly raking, punching, pulling, etc. at the ball
 - Interceptions
 - Bring multiple pressures to force errant passes.
 - Maintain eye discipline.
 - Finish at the football! Shoot the hip!
 - Altered Passes
 - Force QB to change drop or set-up.
 - Coverage should make QB go to his 2nd, 3rd, and 4th reads.
 - Force QB to change trajectory of delivery, KNOCK QB DOWN!
 - Pass Break-Ups
 - Know when to break the pass up rather than gamble on a risky pick.
 - Use the GLOVE technique when breaking up a pass.
 - Get hands up when rushing the passer.
 - Sacks/TFL'S >2
 - Multiple fronts and pressures
 - Solid coverage with the LB's and Secondary. No fly zone!
 - Finish by pursuing and tackling the ball carrier and getting SOG's.
 - 19% or Higher
 - Total plays divided by # of plays we caused a disruption.

TAKEAWAYS

Shot on Goal – A VIOLENT attempt at ripping or punching the ball away from the ball carrier.

MONEY – The word we use to signify a turnover. When we intercept or pick up a fumble, we should be yelling "MONEY, MONEY" to alert all defensive players of the takeaway.

WAYS TO FORCE A FUMBLE

- #1 Rule is to secure the tackle!
 - We no longer teach securing the tackle over the shoulder
 - Use off arm to secure tackle by pinning the non-ball carrying arm against the torso. This prevents ball carrier from using two arms to protect the football.
- Uppercut Hitting up on the ball from behind the ball carrier while securing the tackle.
- Rip/Lawnmower Clear the elbow and pull the point of the football in order to tear the ball away from the ball carrier. This should mimic the action used to start a lawnmower. VIOLENT!
- Punch VIOLENT punch down on the ball while securing the tackle with the other arm.
- Tomahawk Used more on a QB. Chopping down on the arm of the QB from behind.

WAYS TO RECOVER A FUMBLE

- Fall on the Ball (Fetal Recovery) Use this technique when there are opponents around. Should be on your side with your knees up to your chest and covering all points of the football.
- Scoop and Score Use this technique in space and an opportunity to advance the ball after the recovery.
 - A. Bend hips and knees
 - B. Eyes on the ball
 - C. Pinkies together scooping underneath the ball
 - D. Tuck the ball away after recovering it

TAKEAWAYS

INTERCEPTIONS

- A. Where do we go?
 - The ball carrier must tuck the ball away and get to the nearest sideline.
- B. Who do we block?
 - We must block the following two threats: the <u>quarterback</u> and the <u>intended receiver</u>.

BALL SECURITY

A. 4 Points of Security – Cover tip with <u>fingers</u>, other tip in the <u>elbow</u>, the side with <u>forearm</u>, and tight to the <u>chest</u>.

INTERCEPTION & BALL DRILLS

- **Tip Drill** Front man tips ball in air, back man high points, catches, tucks, and finishes.
- Distraction Drill Front man waves arms and causes distraction, back man catches and finishes.
- **Stoops Drill** 2 DB's lined up next to each other. Coach pedals them and breaks in direction, compete for the ball.
- High Point 1 man high point the ball, tuck and finish.
- Deep as the deepest DB splitting two vertical routes and high pointing football.
- Glove Tech Finish technique used when defender cannot intercept the ball. Stick hand thru
 gloves.
- Shoot the hip Finish technique when able to intercept the ball. Drill Tape.

BLOCK DESTRUCTION

- Our goal is to DESTROY and ESCAPE blocks at Midland!
- Must be 70% attitude (tough), 30% technique
- Use many techniques for different scenarios
 - Shock & shed: Engaged
 - Sting/Stick & Move: Spend little time on block
 - Slip & Sugar Dance: Stealth avoidance
 - Box/Forearm Release: Force
 - Play the Cut: Defending low blocks
 - Spill & Pry/Cut Spill: Iso/lead/pull blocks

- Shock & Shed/Shock & Pocket
 - Used when we must engage with a blocker
 - Often used by OLB/DL vs reach/base when controlling gap
 - Coaching Points
 - Attack with appropriate leverage and pad level
 - VIOLENT
 - Face, hands, hips
 - Shock with crown of helmet/face
 - Inside hands, sternum/bicep
 - Lockout arms to create separation
 - Keep leverage side arm & leg free
 - Look over blockers up-field shoulder
 - Throw blocker to hip pocket dependent on where ball carrier commits
 - Show him your butt (stack him) when applicable

- Sting/Stick & Move
 - Create separation by engaging momentarily
 - Sting often used by ILB versus a 2nd level zone combo from OL
 - Stick & Move often used by ILB versus 2nd level block (Stretch/Toss)
 - Coaching Points
 - Attack with gap side leverage to head up
 - Eyes thru sternum, attack thru sternum (pad level)
 - Must have a good, square base
 - VIOLENT
 - Face, Hands, and Hips
 - Create separation
 - Keep hands off (swat/rip/snake)
 - Show him your butt
 - Drill progression: 1) 4-pt on sled, 2) 2-point on sled, 3) Stick & Move, 4) Machine Gun

Slip & Sugar Dance

- The best way to destroy a block is to not give blocker a chance to touch you
- Give illusion that you are going to sting the blocker, but do not engage
- Coaching Points
 - Attack blocker with leverage if possible
 - Low pad level, eyes thru sternum
 - Sell the sting
 - Slip: Cross face, Change COG, beat front side
 - Sugar Dance: At last second stick foot in ground and beat him to leverage side
 - Keep hands off (snake/swat/rip)
 - Shoot the hip
 - Show him your butt

- Box Technique/Forearm Release
 - Used vs a bigger blocker, especially when setting an edge or force
 - Kick-out/Lead blocks
 - Coaching Points
 - Attack blocker with outside-in angle
 - At contact get inside foot up, attack with near arm, near leg
 - Keep outside arm, outside leg free
 - Make contact on the rise
 - Drive tip of shoulder pad into blocker
 - Keep elbow attached to rib cage
 - Use thigh/butt if needed
 - Look over blocker's up-field shoulder
 - Use forearm as a shield working low to high to seperate
 - If ball carrier commits inside, spin away from blocker
 - Pursue, strip, tackle

- Play the cut
 - Anticipate the cut from offensive player
 - Coaching Points:
 - Attack with leverage
 - Hand on helmet, hand on shoulder pad
 - Violently push away
 - This is a MUST! Expect cutter to attempt to roll. We
 MUST be violent with our hands.
 - Protect legs, give ground, and kick feet back
 - ***Olay Technique vs RB in pass rush only

Spill & Pry Technique

- Typically used versus Iso/Lead Block, Kick-out block, and OL pull.
- Coaching Points:
 - Attack blocker with inside-out leverage
 - At contact long step with outside foot
 - Attack with near arm, near leg
 - Keep inside arm, inside leg free
 - Make contact on the rise
 - Drive tip of shoulder pad into blocker
 - Keep elbow attached to rib cage initially
 - Use thigh/butt if needed
 - Use forearm as a shield working low to high and release
 - Pry back up the field, do not get washed down
 - Pursue, strip, tackle

Cut Spill Technique

- Typically used versus Iso/Lead Block, Kick-out block, and OL pull.
- Coaching Points:
 - Attack blocker with inside-out leverage
 - Cut through inside thigh board of blocker with outside arm/shoulder
 - Keep inside arm, inside leg free
 - Roll 2x up field just like pry
 - Pursue, strip, tackle

IF THERE IS ANY WAY WE CAN EVER HELP YOU AT MIDLAND PLEASE DON'T HESITATE TO CONTACT US!

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